

...gave way to ambition. It was failure, rather than success, that corrupted him by tempting him to resort to evil methods. Usurpers were not the class of rulers that the world esteemed, but among usurpers there were few more worthy than Cromwell. There were worse Englishmen, and not so many greater.

TO PRESERVE A RIGHT.

NO PUNISHMENT DESIRED.

At Kilfinane Petty Sessions, Samuel P. Harris D.C., Adamstown, Knocklong, summoned Johanna London, Kilfinane, for trespass.

Ex-Sergeant Coughlan, caretaker to Mr. Harris said that on the 20th May he found defendant walking through a path in Mr. Harris's field.

In reply to a question put by the bench, Coughlan said he did not get permission from Mr. Harris to summon the woman, but as his gent he had power to do so.

Mr. Harris said he did not want any punishment in the case, but this was a path which was used by him some time ago. They had now ceased to use it, and he was afraid that the public would claim a legal right to the path if they were not prevented going there.

Defendant was fined 6d. and costs.

LIMERICK CHAMBER OF HORRORS.

TO EXPOSE FRAUD.

The Limerick Industrial Association have written to the Council of the Dublin Industrial Development Association stating that they are about organising a "beware" section at the coming Munster-Connaught Exhibition, to be held the "Chamber of Horrors," showing the ferent foreign goods that were being represented in this country as "Irish," and would see beside them the genuine articles, and they asked the Council to help them in the matter to ask manufacturers to forward them, if possible, samples of their goods and also any labels that were being sold that would misrepresent them.

It was pointed out that the printers' society, clocking, match makers, starch, tweed, soaps, and other manufacturers could assist in this matter, and forward the necessary labels required for this "interesting" section, as to direct the attention of all to the results of the people's apathy and heedlessness.

FROZEN MEAT.

IS IT ANOTHER DANGER?

Speaking at a meeting of the South of Ireland Trade Association, Mr. Daniel McCarthy (airman) said—There was a great scare caused by the tinned meat scandals, but judging by the reports in the newspapers the danger was confined to the tinned variety of foreign meat. A special committee of the Sculcoates Guardians all recently held an inquiry into the cause of several deaths which had occurred in the Workhouse. Dr. Robinson, the medical officer for the workhouse, reported that there were 35 cases of cholera, and six deaths, and that the diarrhoea caused by eating frozen meat. He examined meat on the 11th inst., and found it undergoing rapid decomposition, the stench from it very bad. Now, he (the chairman) was of opinion that this grave warning should be made by the general public, and in this country, in all events, they should insist on getting meat with only Irish raised beef, mutton and

ARGENTINE LEGALLY REPRESENTED.

The matter came up at the Sculcoates Guardians meeting on Tuesday. The Argentine Consuls were legally represented. The Chairman moved the adoption of the committee's report which stated it had not been found that the six deaths and 35 cases of cholera at the workhouse infirmary had been caused by eating Argentine frozen meat. A motion that the minutes be referred back was carried by 16 votes to 15, the mover contending that the committee had never asked for the medical officer's report.

COAL IN IRELAND.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

A report of the Inspector of Mines for Ireland has just been issued as a Blue Book. The number of persons employed in the coal mines in Ireland was 749, and the output of coal was 77,241 tons, 77,241 tons being anthracite. The number of persons employed for the production of coal was less than in the previous year. No fatal accidents occurred. In County Antrim, at Newcastle, a company has commenced to sink shafts to develop that coalfield, the prospects being distinctly encouraging. Under the Quarries Act, 1887, it is provided that persons employed in the quarries are to be reported to have been employed in the quarries 4,464 persons; in the previous year the number was 4,227. The quantity of coal obtained is said to be 1,025,396 tons. There were five lives lost and twenty persons injured; in the previous year six

woman in Roxborough division, who, although in a dying state, had been unable to get a doctor to attend to her. He spoke to the relieving officer on the matter, and he said he had nothing to do with it.

The Clerk—If the woman is in his district he has everything to say to it.

Mr. Sheehan said the dispensary doctor lived about three miles away.

It was decided to direct the immediate attention of the relieving officer to the matter.

THE BALLINACURRA FATALITY.

INQUEST ADJOURNED.

Mr. Coroner Clery, J.P., and a jury, of which Mr. Thomas Hogan was foreman, held an inquest at Ballinacurra Barracks on Tuesday afternoon into circumstances connected with the death of Police Constable Peter Cullinane, of Croom, who died suddenly at Ballinacurra station that morning after falling from his bicycle near Lifford House.

District-Inspector O'Hara conducted the investigation, and evidence of identification was given by Sergeant Doran, Croom, along with whom the deceased served for fourteen months. Deceased, who was a fairly healthy man, left Croom on Monday morning cycling for Adare to see his officer. Witness did not see him since alive; he was a temperate man.

Mr. John F. Power, Lifford House, stated that he first saw the man in his lodge-keeper's house at seven o'clock. He was brought there by the lodge-keeper, who found him in the road. Witness noticed that he was suffering pain, and heard him repeat, "I am done for." He was holding his hands over his heart, and in reply to witness deceased said "the fall was not a bad fall," and complained of his head. Witness sent for a doctor and a priest, and in a short time a member of the Redemptorist community arrived. The man looked quite exhausted and seemed as if his brain was much affected. He made some rambling statements—he spoke of a revolver to end himself.

The Coroner—He did not appear to be under the influence of drink?

No. He refused to take any stimulant.

Constable McCabe, who conveyed the deceased to Ballinacurra Station, stated in the lodge he complained not of any pain, but kept up a continuous moan all the way to the station. Witness asked him if he got a fall and he did not reply. He went to bed about half-past twelve and slept until half-past four when he got up, dressed himself, and went down to the kitchen. Just as witness was about to pour out some tea for him he collapsed and was brought into the air. He asked for a cup of water, and having partaken of it, never regained consciousness until his death a short time afterwards. Witness attended deceased during the night when he refused to take any stimulant.

Head-Constable Moore said the deceased appeared to have vomited in the bedroom and in the wash-house.

The Coroner asked the witness if it was he who gave the deceased the water in the yard.

Constable McCabe—Yes.

The Coroner—Then there is no suspicion of poisoning.

Dr. Kennedy said when he saw the deceased last evening in the lodge of Lifford House he was not unconscious. He refused to answer any of his questions, and was half moaning, half shouting. Witness concluded then he was suffering from alcoholism. In conjunction with Dr. Shaohan he had made a post mortem examination and found that the heart was apparently sound. The stomach and intestine looked as if the man had taken some irritant. There was a smell of porter from the intestines, and in the absence of an analysis of same they were unable to arrive at the cause of death.

The Coroner adjourned the inquest in order to have the stomach sent on for analysis.

THE TECHNICAL CONGRESS.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual Technical Congress opened in the City Hall, Waterford, on Tuesday, and was very largely attended by delegates from all parts of Ireland. Quite an interesting programme has been laid out for the three days which will be taken up by the delegates. Tuesday from 10 to 1 was taken up with the opening ceremony and discussion of several matters of business on the agenda. At 1 o'clock an adjournment was made for luncheon, and at 3 o'clock the delegates visited various places of interest in the city, including Messrs Hall's elevators and stores, Messrs Denny's bacon factory, bottle factory and brickworks, shirt factory, and Messrs Hearne and Cahill's boot factory. The following representatives were present:—

Limerick Co.—Rev. W. Casey, P.P.; Right Hon. Lord Emly.

Clare County—Rev. M. Breen, C.C.; F. J. O'Doherty, Esq.

Limerick—High Sheriff (Councillor E. J. Long), Councillor M. Leahy, J. Comerton, Esq., B.A., principal.

Waterford (County)—Thomas Power, Esq.; Ed. Flaharan, Esq.; J.P.; Rev. John McCann

bench.

Coughlan—I did not insult the bench at all—only one.

Mr. Gubbins—You cannot insult one individual without insulting the whole bench, and I'm very sorry the R.M. was not hear in time to hear you.

Coughlan—I'm sorry, too, he was not in.

Captain Fitzpatrick—If he insulted the bench, why not put him in the dock for it?

Mr. Gubbins—Yes he did; but he apologised.

Captain Fitzpatrick—Oh, if he did, it will do.

ANOTHER MOVING BOG.

VIOLENT UPEHAVAL.

An extraordinary occurrence has caused much excitement in and near the village of Ballycumber. Close by is the extensive bog of Leabeg, portion of the Bog of Allen. Yesterday a number of people were working on the bog when suddenly it began to heave and split up with a loud noise. The upheaval left about four acres of the bog rent and torn in all directions.

Peter Deherly, who was working on the spot had a very narrow escape from being buried under a mass of the falling peat. He first heard a loud cracking noise, and then saw the bog rise up beside him. He succeeded in getting on to a high bank before a mass of the peat fell near where he stood. Those who had cattle grazing on the meadows adjoining lost no time in removing them, and the occupants of two houses close by were so terrified that they removed their furniture. The bog is higher than the surrounding country, and consequently it threatened great danger, and as the people watched it in fear, the bog, kept heaving in all directions. Some of the low banks had been raised up a height of nine feet, and open fissures appeared in the great mass of peat.

The water beneath the peat has sprung up in several places. Four acres are torn up, and scattered as if by an explosion. The cause of the occurrence cannot be conjectured, as there were no heavy rains recently to raise the water, and such a thing as an upheaval was hitherto unknown in the district.

TOWN TENANTS' BILL.

IMPORTANT STATEMENT.

In the House of Commons on Tuesday, Mr. Bryce intimated, in answer to Mr. V. Kennedy, that the Government would give time for the reference of the Town Tenants Bill to a standing committee on the understanding that the more controversial parts of the Bill should be dropped.

AFRICAN RISING.

REBELS RE-CROSS THE TUGELA.

The rebels have re-crossed the Tugela River into Zululand. A squadron of Natal Mounted Rifles and Umvoti Mounted Rifles, a section of Natal Artillery; and the Cape Mounted Rifles, with four guns, have gone in pursuit.

NAVAL MANOEUVRES.

MIDSHIPMAN KILLED.

A sad accident occurred on the first-class battleship Russell, attached to the "Red" fleet yesterday morning. A midshipman named Vernon, aged 19, was engaged aloft, when by some means he lost his balance and was precipitated to the deck. His skull was severely fractured, and he succumbed to his injuries a few hours later.

THE EDUCATION BILL.

In the House of Commons on Tuesday, Mr. Birrell, replying to Mr. John Ward, said that as the whole question of rating was under consideration it was not proposed to make any extension of the principle of exempting schools from rating in the present Education Bill. Clause 2 was carried as the result of the closure.

GRAND EVENING CONCERT.

Our readers are reminded that to-morrow evening, a grand concert is to be given in the Athenaeum, at which Mr. J. McCormack, whose brilliant singing at the Dominican Concert some time ago will be remembered will be present with a distinguished company. Booking at Guy's, 3s. 2s. and 1s. Concert at 8 o'clock.

IRISH HOUSING QUESTIONS.

In the House of Commons on Tuesday, Mr. Byres, answering Mr. W. Redmond, said he hoped to find time soon to consider amendments of the law relating to the housing of artisans and labourers in towns in Ireland. There were so many urgent questions before the Irish Government that he could not make a more definite statement.

A MERRY-GO-ROUND M PEREGRINATIONS.

PLENTY OF MONEY IN C

In the Nisi Prius Court yesterday, Lord Chief Justice (Lord O'Brien) special jury, the case of Beach v. Mid Western Railway Company was plaintiff was John Beach, proprietor of merry-go-round, and he brought the action for damages for injury to his plant and the defendant company through their negligence. The defendant company denied that the plaintiff suffered any loss. Counsel for the plaintiff—Messrs. K.C. and W. H. Brown (instructed by Brownrigg).

Messrs. Healy, K.C.; Fetherston, Meredith (instructed by Mr. Kilkelly) for the defendant company.

John Beach, the plaintiff, said he owned of hobby-horses and an amusement His

PLANT HAD COST HIM £2,000.

He had given shows in Galway, Gort, Limerick in the beginning of the year had been four months in Limerick, on May 8th, for Sixmile Bridge, where he to exhibit for at least a fortnight. His machinery and plant in seven waggons Great Southern and Western Railway and they were taken to Sixmile Bridge where the waggons were placed on which was called the dock. That night of seventeen waggons parted from the defendant company, and ran down a where they ran against the waggons in the in which the plaintiff's property was sto result was that the machines were

SMASHED TO PIECES.

For that reason he could not put up his Sixmile Bridge, and he was obliged to Limerick, where he had some repairs done gross takings were about £25 a week, expenses were about £18. He employed persons.

In reply to the Lord Chief Justice, the plaintiff said he did not do well in Water wasn't what it used to be.

How did you find Galway? They are cultivated lot there (laughter).

Is Ennis as good as Waterford? I better—it suited me.

His Lordship—That's the capital of my county.

The Plaintiff—There is plenty of money county, but they won't part—they card (laughter).

Where did you go from Waterford? Galway.

How did you do there? Ah, it's a r (more laughter).

Where did you go from Dungarvan? Youghal.

Very nice place, pretty scenery. Is you went up the Blackwater? There's of it there anyhow (laughter).

The plaintiff next described his peregrinations from town to town in the Counties of Cor Limerick, and said he found them "all about."

His Lordship—You found the Limerick heavier than the Cork people, I say they're made heavier, your 'onour (laughter.)

Notwithstanding

THIS APPALLING SMASH.

of your apparatus you seem to have been broken through—the hobby horses were not broken altogether!—Not altogether, but they were sore. Your 'onour (laughter). There was a sore places about them.

In cross-examination by Mr. Fetherston plaintiff said each hobby-horse cost £5 15s. there were twelve of them.

Is your income £1,300 a year?—It's some similar to your own. Some days you earn a thing and some days nothing at all (laughter).

The plaintiff said that it was the Carr Brothers' boys at Limerick that repaired machines.

How much did you pay them for that? you think they deserve it for nothing—do you pay do anything for nothing? (laughter).

In reply to the Lord Chief Justice, Mr. Fetherston said his client did not deny that the damage was done, but it was a question of how much was.

Mr. Healy—It is very hard on us. couplings broke.

The jury found for the plaintiff, and awarded £75 damages.

The Lord Chief Justice—Gentlemen, have hit off the point admirably. They £100 into court, I may tell you, which is that they paid in at least 50 per cent. beyond what they thought due. I hope it will be a lesson.

DIOCESE OF KILLALOE.

The clerical changes made by the R.I. Bill in Killaloe include the following—Very Rev. Canon Stuart, P.P., V.G., Roscrea, to be a deacon in succession to the late Archbishop Malone; Very Rev. Canon McLooney, P.P., V.G., Killaloe, to be P.P., V.G., Kilmish; Very Rev. D. Flannery, P.P., Silvermine, to be P.P., V.G., Killaloe, and Præbend of Killaloe.